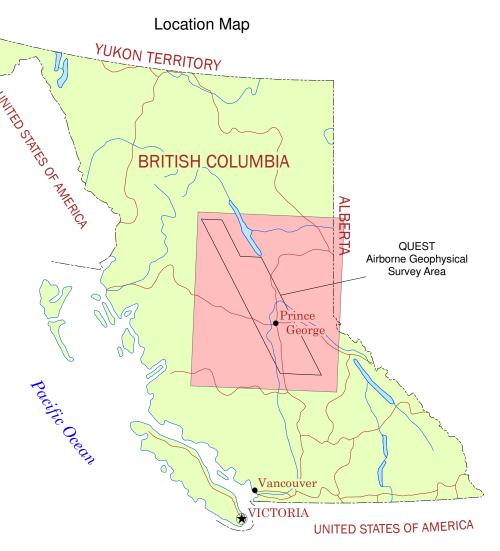
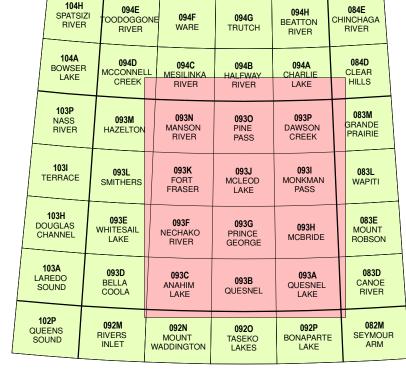
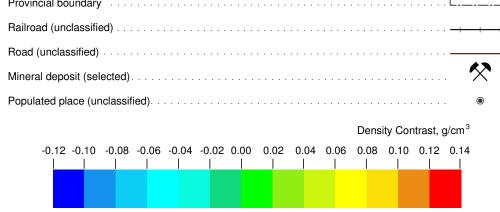
Disclaimer: While every effort has been taken to ensure the accuracy of the information in this map, the data are provided on an 'as-is' basis, without any warranty, guarantee or representation of any kind, whether expressed or implied. It is the responsibility of the user to check the facts before entering any financial or other commitment based upon this information.







The QUEST Airborne Gravity were inverted by Mira Geoscience for Geoscience BC using the UBC smooth model inversion algorithm Grav3D. This map presents a plan slice through the 3D

Note that the inversion algorithm produces a model of density contrast above and below a norm. For practical purposes a norm of 2.67 g/cm³ can be used with this model. Also, the user should be aware that the model was computed using 500m x 500m x 250m blocks. A small, blocky high density feature will be smoothed over several blocks when it reports to the model, so it will look like

The data was acquired by Sander Geophysics using the AIRGRAV airborne gravity system. Flight line traverses were EW across the survey area. Flight lines were 2km apart and followed UTM northings divisible by 2000 metres. Some more detailled data was acquired using 1km flight

Mira Geoscience Ltd (2009), QUEST Project: 3D inversion modelling, integration, and visualization of airborne gravity, magnetic, and electromagnetic data, BC, Canada; Geoscience BC Report 2009-15, 87 p.

GBC QUEST Project Team (2008): QUEST Project Gravity Data and Report, Geoscience

Ministry of Energy, Mines and Petroleum Resources www.empr.gov.bc.ca/mining/geoscience

Geophysical 3D inversion analysis by Mira Geophysics Ltd. - www.mirageoscience.com Geoscience BC is funded through grants from the Provincial Government of British Columbia.





Geoscience BC (2009): QUEST Project - Geophysics - 3D Inversion Analysis: Airborne Gravity Interpretation - Sea Level Density Slice; Geoscience BC, Map 2009-15-1,