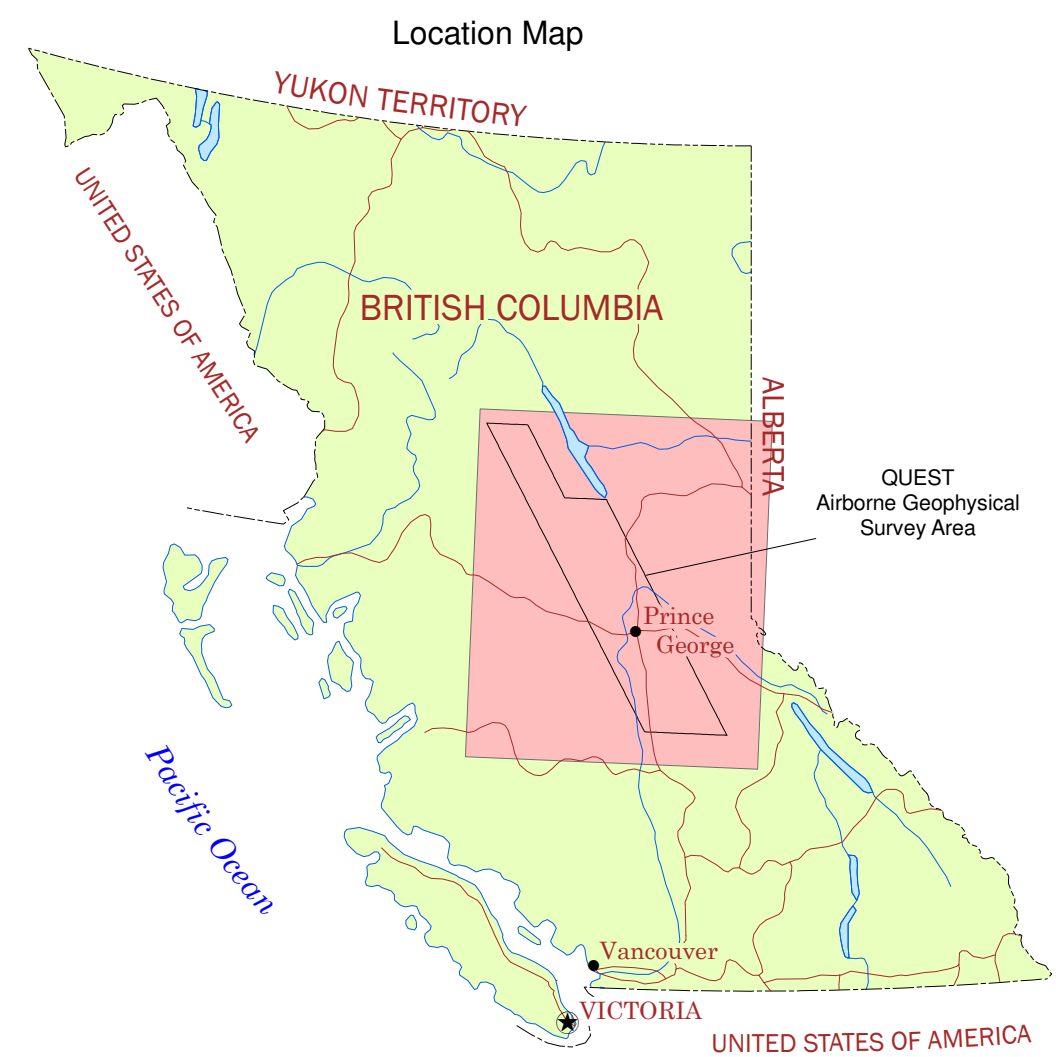
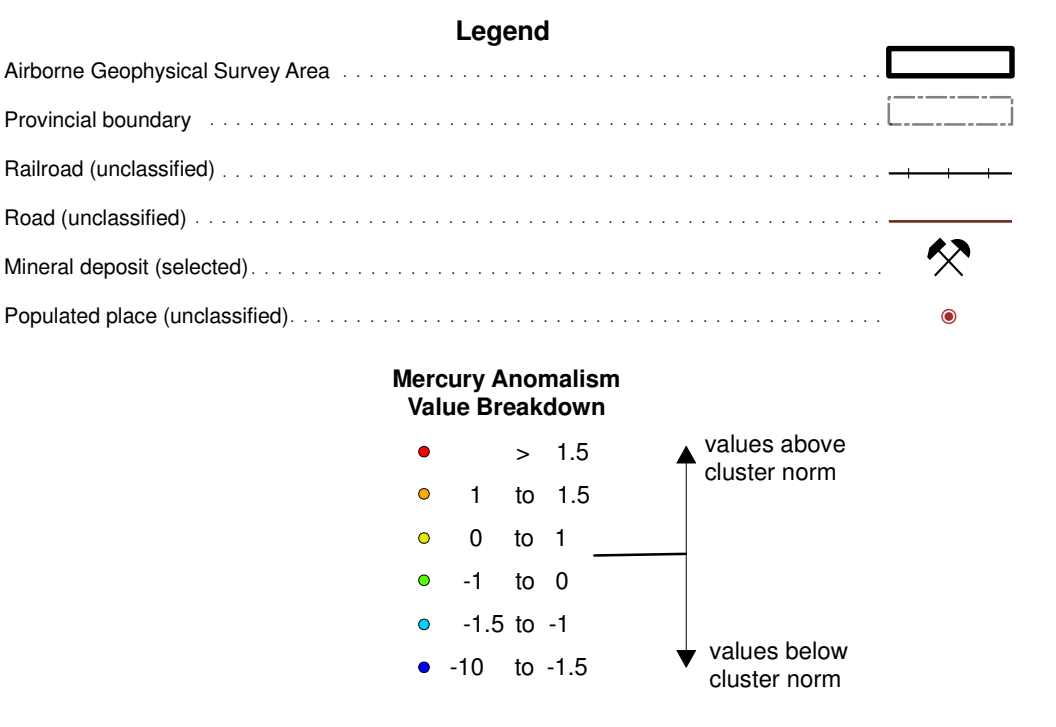
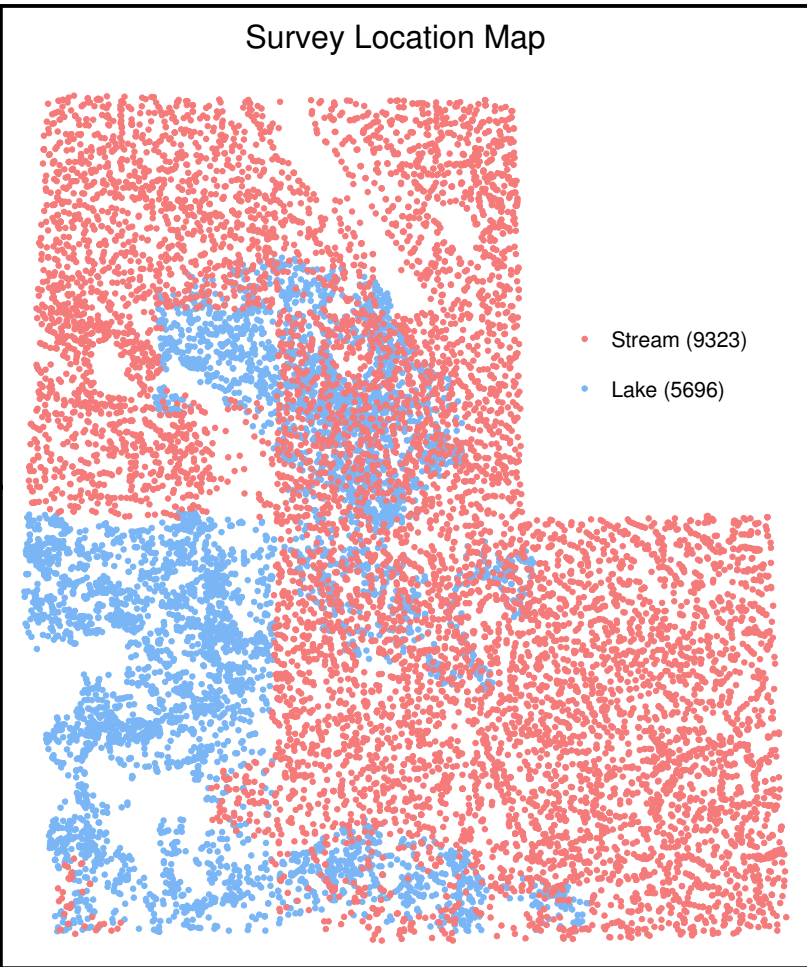


Disclaimer: While every effort has been taken to ensure the accuracy of the information in this map, the data are provided on an "as is" basis, without any warranty, guarantee or representation of any kind, whether expressed or implied. It is the responsibility of the user to check the facts before entering any financial or other commitment based upon this information.



National Topographic System Index

15M SPENCER RIVER	05E CANNONICUM RIVER	05F WINE RIVER	05G MUTCH RIVER	05H SEATTLE RIVER	05I CHOCOMA RIVER
15A LAKE	05C MCCONNELL RIVER	05D MCCONNELL RIVER	05B MCCONNELL RIVER	05A LAKE	05J LAKE
15P RIVER	05W MCCONNELL RIVER	05N MCCONNELL RIVER	05O MCCONNELL RIVER	05Q MCCONNELL RIVER	05R MCCONNELL RIVER
05K FRASER	05L FRASER	05M FRASER	05J FRASER	05I FRASER	05H FRASER
05G FRASER	05F FRASER	05E FRASER	05D FRASER	05C FRASER	05B FRASER
05A FRASER	05W FRASER	05N FRASER	05O FRASER	05Q FRASER	05R FRASER
05K FRASER	05L FRASER	05M FRASER	05J FRASER	05I FRASER	05H FRASER
05G FRASER	05F FRASER	05E FRASER	05D FRASER	05C FRASER	05B FRASER
05A FRASER	05W FRASER	05N FRASER	05O FRASER	05Q FRASER	05R FRASER
05K FRASER	05L FRASER	05M FRASER	05J FRASER	05I FRASER	05H FRASER
05G FRASER	05F FRASER	05E FRASER	05D FRASER	05C FRASER	05B FRASER
05A FRASER	05W FRASER	05N FRASER	05O FRASER	05Q FRASER	05R FRASER



QUEST Geochemistry CSIRO SOM Analysis - Cluster-Normalized Element Anomalism

The levelled and imputed element grids (Barnett and Williams, 2009) were intersected by the sample locations and the values assigned to the sample point. Note, missing element values have been imputed.

The SiroSOM procedure assigns each sample to a best-matching unit (BMU) and samples that are similar tend to be assigned to either the same BMU or nearby BMUs that are close on the self-organized map. To assist with interpretation the SOM-derived BMU "vectors" were analysed using K-means to produce 20 classes. Field samples have been coloured according to the cluster-assignment of their particular BMU.

"Cluster-Normalized" element anomaly maps have been produced with samples normalized to the mean and standard deviation of the K-means cluster to which a sample's BMU belongs. Users are cautioned that normalization by the K-means cluster mean may make intrinsically small numbers anomalous. Specifically, if an element is normally only present in small amounts in a set of samples assigned to a cluster, then the normalization process applied here will make the higher values in this low valued group anomalous.

Data Analysis

Fraser, S.J. and Hodgkinson, J.H., (2008) An Investigation Using SiroSOM for the Analysis of QUEST Stream Sediment and Lake-Sediment Geochemical Data. September 2009, Geoscience BC, Report 2009-14. CSIRO Exploration and Mining Report 2009/983, 64 p.

Geochimistry Data

Labelled Data
Barnett, C. T. and Williams, P. M. (2009). Using geochemistry and neural networks to map geology under glacial cover. Geoscience BC, Report 2009-3.

Original Data
Jackman, W. (2008). Regional Stream Sediment and Water Geochemical Data, Pine Pass, British Columbia (NTS 930). Geoscience BC, Report 2008-7.

Jackman, W. (2008). Regional Lake Sediment and Water Geochemical Data, Northern Fraser Basin, Central British Columbia (parts of NTS 930, N, J, K, N & O). Geoscience BC, Report 2008-5.

Jackman, W. (2008). QUEST Project Sample Reanalysis. Geoscience BC, Report 2008-3.

Jackman, W. (2007). Regional drainage sediment and water geochemical data, South Nechako Basin and Cariboo Basin, central British Columbia (parts of NTS 930, N, J, K, N & O). Geoscience BC, Report 2007-4, 332 p.

Letti, R.E.W. and Blumel, B. (2006). Re-analysis of regional geochemical survey stream sediment samples from the McLeod Lake area (NTS map sheet 053J). BC Ministry of Energy, Mines and Petroleum Resources, Geofiles 2006-09, 220p.

Jackman, W. (2006). Regional drainage sediment and water geochemical data, Anahim Lake and Nechako River, central British Columbia (NTS 85C & 83F). Geoscience BC, Report 2006-4, 452p.

Letti, R.E.W. (2005). Regional Geochemical Survey Database on CD. BC Ministry of Energy, Mines and Petroleum Resources, Geofiles 2005-17.

Topographic Data

Massey, N.W.D., MacKinnon, D.G., Desjardins, P.J. and Cooney, R.T. (2005). Digital Geology Map of British Columbia: Whole Province. B.C. Ministry of Energy and Mines, Geofiles 2005-1.

Data Sources

Geoscience BC
www.geosciencebc.ca
Ministry of Energy, Mines and Petroleum Resources
www.enr.gov.bc.ca/mining/geoscience

Acknowledgments

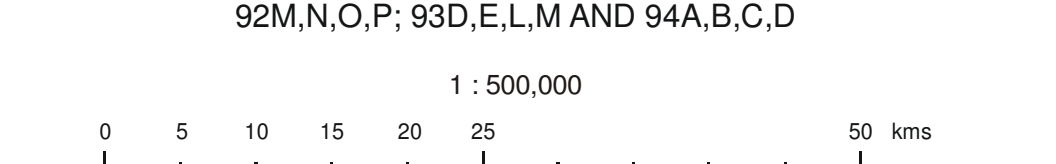
Cartography by Flor Ma, Geoscience BC
Numerical analysis by CSIRO, Australia - www.csiro.au
Geoscience BC is funded through grants from the Provincial Government of British Columbia. QUEST is funded in partnership with the Northern Development Initiative Trust - www.nditrust.ca



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MAP 2009-14-20
GEOCHEMISTRY - CSIRO SOM ANALYSIS
Cluster-Normalized Mercury Anomalism

QUEST PROJECT
1:250 000 NTS SHEETS 93A,B,C,F,G,H,I,J,K,N,O,P
PART OF 1:250 000 NTS SHEETS 82M; 83D,E,L,M; 84D;
92M,N,O,P; 93D,E,L,M AND 94A,B,C,D



Universal Transverse Mercator Projection, Zone 10
Horizontal Datum: North American Datum 1983
Mean magnetic declination 2009: 18°18' E, decreasing 1.6° annually. Readings vary from 17°42' E in the southeast corner to 20°14' E in the northwest corner of the map.
September 16, 2009

Citation:
Geoscience BC (2009). QUEST Project - Geochemistry - CSIRO SOM Analysis: Cluster-Normalized Mercury Anomalism. Geoscience BC, Map 2009-14-20, issue 1: 500,000.